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FIRST NAMED INVENTOR ATTORNEY DOCKET NO. CONFIRMATION NO. APPLICATION NO. FILING DATE 9009 03/01/2004 Jing Zhu 08226/1200369-US1 10/790,332 EXAMINER 38880 7590 07/25/2006 NGUYEN, QUANG N DARBY & DARBY P.C. P.O. BOX 5257 ART UNIT PAPER NUMBER NEW YORK, NY 10150-6257 2141

DATE MAILED: 07/25/2006

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The MAILING DATE of this communication appears Period for Reply  A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY IS WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DATE - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.136(a): after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period will ap	SET TO EXPIRE 3 MONTH	ZHU ET AL.  Art Unit 2141 e correspondence address	_
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<ul> <li>Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, caus Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing date earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).</li> </ul>	. In no event, however, may a reply be ply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from the application to become ABANDOR	ON.  timely filed  om the mailing date of this communication.  NED (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
Responsive to communication(s) filed on <u>21 June</u> 2a)    This action is <b>FINAL</b> .    2b)    This act  3)    Since this application is in condition for allowance closed in accordance with the practice under <i>Ex pa</i>	ion is non-final. except for formal matters, p		
Disposition of Claims			
4)  Claim(s) 1-17 and 19 is/are pending in the applicate 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdrawn for 5)  Claim(s) is/are allowed.  6)  Claim(s) 1-17 and 19 is/are rejected.  7)  Claim(s) is/are objected to.  8)  Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or elected.	rom consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) ☐ The specification is objected to by the Examiner.  10) ☑ The drawing(s) filed on 01 March 2004 is/are: a) ☑ Applicant may not request that any objection to the draw Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correction is 11) ☐ The oath or declaration is objected to by the Exami	ving(s) be held in abeyance. S s required if the drawing(s) is o	See 37 CFR 1.85(a). Objected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign price a) All b) Some * c) None of:  1. Certified copies of the priority documents ha 2. Certified copies of the priority documents ha 3. Copies of the certified copies of the priority of application from the International Bureau (Potential See the attached detailed Office action for a list of the	ve been received. ve been received in Applica documents have been recei CT Rule 17.2(a)).	ation No ved in this National Stage	
Attachment(s)  1) Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)  2) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948)  3) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO-1449 or PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4)  Interview Summa Paper No(s)/Mail 5)  Notice of Informal 6)  Other:		

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## **Detailed Action**

1. This Office Action is in response to the Amendment filed on 06/21/2006. Claims

1, 16-17 and 19 have been amended. Claim 18 has been cancelled. Claims 1-17 and

19 remain pending.

## Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 112

2. The following is a quotation of the first paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall contain a written description of the invention, and of the manner and process of making and using it, in such full, clear, concise, and exact terms as to enable any person skilled in the art to which it pertains, or with which it is most nearly connected, to make and use the same and shall set forth the best mode contemplated by the inventor of carrying out his invention.

- 3. Claims 1, 16-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, first paragraph, as failing to comply with the written description requirement. The claim(s) contains subject matter, which was not described in the specification in such a way as to reasonably convey to one skilled in the relevant art that the inventor(s), at the time the application was filed, had possession of the claimed invention.
- 4. Applicants amended claims 1, 16-17 and 19 to recite "<u>determining an adaptive</u> <u>cut-off radius for a community based in part on a rate of growth for membership in the</u> <u>community that is separated by a few or less degrees</u>" and referred to its corresponding description in the specification (i.e., see pages 8-9 that describe first degree and second degree addresses as being included in the community and pages 10-12 describe

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mechanism for building a community where "growth" refers to the total number of

friends/nodes with relative few degrees of separation, as more and more emails will be

coming from the first and second degrees, and adaptively reducing the cut-off radius as

the mailbox matures to at least improve efficiency).

After reviewing pages 10-12 of the specification, Examiner respectfully submits

that the portion of the specification mentioning about "the cut-off radius" cited below:

The effective cut-off radius may be infinity when the address is born (none or few first degree links). However, the cut-off radius should quickly decrease as the mailbox matures, making the CGL system more

effective for the user."

is not sufficient to support the claim(s) containing subject matter "determining an

adaptive cut-off radius for a community based in part on a rate of growth for

membership in the community that is separated by a few or less degrees" in such a way

as to reasonably enable one skilled in the art to which it pertains to make and/or use the

invention.

5. The following is a quotation of the second paragraph of 35 U.S.C. 112:

The specification shall conclude with one or more claims particularly pointing out and distinctly claiming the subject matter, which the applicant regards as his invention.

6. Claims 1, 16-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 112, second paragraph,

as being indefinite for failing to particularly point out and distinctly claim the

subject matter which applicant regards as the invention.

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7. Applicants amended claims 1, 16-17 and 19 to recite "determining an adaptive

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cut-off radius for a community based in part on a rate of growth for membership in the

community that is separated by a few or less degrees". Examiner respectfully submits

that "a few of less degrees" is unclear and indefinite language because the vague

nature of the phrase "a few of less degrees" leaves the claim open to many different

interpretations (such as "temperature degrees" instead of "degrees of separation": "a

few or less" can be interpreted as 1, 2, 3, or 4, hence, indefinite language).

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 102

8. The following is a quotation of the appropriate paragraphs of 35 U.S.C. 102 that

form the basis for the rejections under this section made in this Office action:

A person shall be entitled to a patent unless -

(e) the invention was described in (1) an application for patent, published under section 122(b), by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent or (2) a patent granted on an application for patent by another filed in the United States before the invention by the applicant for patent, except that an international application filed under the treaty defined in section 351(a) shall have the effects for purposes of this subsection of an application filed in the United States only if the international application designated the United States and was published under Article 21(2) of such treaty in the English language.

9. Claims 1-17 and 19 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 102(e) as being anticipated

by Ingerman et al. (US 2004/0255122 A1), hereinafter referred as Ingerman.

10. As to claim 1, Ingerman teaches a method for filtering messages for a node on a

network, comprising:

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determining an adaptive cut-off radius for a community based in part on a rate of growth for membership in the community that is separated by a few or less degrees (Ingerman teaches, for example, a particular messaging environment with 32 first degree contacts can be configured to store trust information up to four degrees of separation, i.e., 32 to the exponent of 4<sup>th</sup>, or approximately one-million other message entities, therefore, if said particular messaging environment with 8 first degree contacts then it can be configured to store up to five degrees of separation, 8 to the exponent of 5<sup>th</sup>, equivalent to 32 to the exponent of 4<sup>th</sup>, based in part on a rate of growth for membership in the community) (Ingerman, paragraph [0091]);

determining a degree of separation between each of a plurality of nodes that are associated with a first node, wherein the first node and at least a portion of the associated plurality of nodes are granted membership in the community based on a number of degrees of separation between the first node and a second node in the community (entities corresponding to message addresses 222, 223, and 224 retrieved from address list 229 can be viewed as one degree of separation away from entity 299) (Ingerman, Fig. 2 and paragraphs [0054] and [0058]), and wherein the granting of membership in the community is limited by at least the adaptive cut-off radius for the community (for example, a particular messaging environment with 32 unique contacts for each degree of separation can be configured to store trust information up to four degrees of separation, or approximately one-million other message entities, i.e., limited by at least the adaptive cut-off radius) (Ingerman, paragraph [0091]);

determining a level of trust for the first node in the community based on the number of degrees of separation between the first node and another node in the community (<u>information in trust list, i.e., degrees of separation, can indicate a level of trust between 2 entities</u>) (Ingerman, paragraphs [0052 and 0054]); and

if a message is received by the first node in the community from the other node in the community, employing the level of trust associated with the other node to determine if the message is to be delivered to at least one trusted folder associated with the first node (inherently, if the source/sending address of the received message is identified or stored in the trust list, i.e., identified as a non-Spam message, then if is transferred to the recipient user's inbox) (Ingerman, paragraph [0016]).

- 11. As to claim 2, **Ingerman** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the message is **one of** email, Short Message Service (SMS), Multi-Media Message Service (MMS), and Instant Message (IM) (the messaging server categorizing <u>electronic messages</u>) (Ingerman, paragraph [0017]).
- 12. As to claim 3, **Ingerman** teaches the method of claim 1, wherein determining the degree of separation between each of the plurality of nodes associated with the first node, further comprises determining each degree of separation between each node based at least in part on a listing in at least **one of** a contact list, a buddy list, a received message, a forwarded message, a saved message, a sent message, an Internet Service Provider (ISP), an online chat room, an online group, on-line social network,

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and a message classified as non-Spam (i.e., determining each degree of separation

between each node based on address book entries) (Ingerman, paragraph [0054]).

13. As to claims 4-5, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the number

of degrees of separation between the first node and the second node in the community

is selectable, and wherein the level of trust associated with the other node is selectable

(entities corresponding to message addresses 222, 223 and 224 can be viewed as one

degree of separation away from entity 291) (Ingerman, paragraph [0054]).

14. As to claims 6-7, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the trusted

folder includes at least one of an inbox folder and a folder where unread messages are

further processed after a period of time, and wherein the processing after a period of

time further comprises at least one of deleting the message, a white list filter, a black list

filter, and a content filter (after transferring a message to a recipient user's inbox, the

recipient user is required to spend time manually identifying the electronic mail message

and appropriately disposing of the electronic mail message if it is identified as a SPAM)

(Ingerman, paragraphs [0014 and 0016]).

15. As to claim 8, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising if

another message is received from a source outside the community of nodes, employing

at least one anti-Spam filter to perform at least one of delete the other message and

deliver the message to an untrusted folder (based on trust list information and/or activity

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store information, employing plug-ins to calculate the urgency of a message, categorize

a message as an unwanted/unsolicited message, or cause other plug-ins such as a junk

mail plug-in to process or bypass further processing) (Ingerman, paragraph [0048]).

16. As to claim 9, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, wherein determining if

one of the nodes in the plurality of nodes is separated by one degree of separation from

a number of nodes that is greater than a predetermined level (e.g., greater than 32

unique first degree contacts); and identifying each node as a super node whose number

of nodes that are separated by one degree of separation is greater than the

predetermined level, wherein a level of trust for each node solely associated with super

node is reduced (plug-in 272 can be configured to categorize email 216 based on the

desires of the plug-in developer, for example, the messaging environment can be

configured to store trust information for up to four degrees of separation, and when a

messaging entity has a reduced reliability index, the trust associated the messaging

entity can decrease) (Ingerman, paragraph [0091]).

17. As to claim 10, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, wherein determining

the degree of separation, further comprises determining that a first degree of separation

from the first node is a membership in at least one of a contact list and a buddy list

(entities corresponding to message addresses 222, 223, and 224 retrieved from the

address list 221 can be viewed as one degree of separation away from entity 291)

(Ingerman, Fig. 2 and paragraph [0054]).

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18. As to claim 11, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, wherein the

determining the degree of separation, further comprises determining that a first degree

of separation from the first node includes a listing in more than one of a contact list (i.e.,

entities corresponding to message addresses 222, 223, and 224 retrieved from address

list 221 can be viewed as one degree of separation away from entity 291), a buddy list,

a received message, a forwarded message, a sent message, an Internet Service

Provider (ISP) (i.e., entities in the same domain, considered as local messaging entities)

an online chat room, an online group, an on-line social network, and a message

classified as non-Spam (Ingerman, Fig. 2 and paragraphs [0020, 0054 and 0067]).

19. As to claim 12, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

assigning a high level of trust to each node that is separated from the first node by one

degree of separation (assigning a high level to each node/entity in the address book)

(Ingerman, paragraphs [0053-0054]).

20. As to claim 13, **Ingerman** teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising if a

number of first degree of separation associations with nodes for the first node is less

than a threshold (for less than 32 unique first degree contacts, trust information is

configured to store up to four degrees of separation, or approximately one-million

messaging entities), automatically providing membership in the community to each

node associated with the first node (Ingerman, paragraph [0091]).

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21. As to claim 14, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

revoking the level of trust associated with the other node based on actions related to

unsolicited messages (when a messaging entity is identified as sending unwanted

and/or unsolicited messages, the trust associated the messaging entity can decrease

i.e., can be revoked) (Ingerman, paragraph [0092]).

22. As to claim 15, Ingerman teaches the method of claim 1, further comprising

enabling each message alias for one node to be handled as the same node (inherently,

an alias is an alternate label for some object, therefore each message alias for one

node should be handled as the same node).

23. Claims 16-17 and 19 are corresponding server, client, and computer readable

storage media claims of method claim 1; therefore, they are rejected under the same

rationale.

## Response to Arguments

24. In the remarks, Applicant argued in substance that

(A) Prior Art (Ingerman) does not disclose a cut-off radius that is adaptive.

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As to point (A), before addressing the argument, Examiner respectfully submits that the language of the limitation cited in the quotation "an adaptive cut-off radius" could be given broad and reasonable interpretation in light of specification as a threshold or a number that the granting of membership in the community is limited by. In this case, Ingerman teaches, just for example, a particular messaging environment each message entity has 32 unique first degree contacts, each of the 32 unique first degree contacts also has 32 unique first degree contacts, etc., and that the particular messaging environment can be configured to store trust information up to four degrees of separation, i.e., 32<sup>4</sup>, or approximately one-million other message entities (i.e., up to four degrees of separation or approximately one-million other message entities is the adaptive cut-off radius for limiting prospective members in the sample community). In the same way, just for example, if said particular messaging environment only has 8 first degree contacts then it could be configured to store up to five degrees of separation, i.e., 8<sup>5</sup> equivalent to 32<sup>4</sup>, hence, the cut-off radius has been changed from five degree of separation for 8 first degree contacts to four degree of separation for 32 first degree contacts for that particular messaging environment (i.e., adaptive based in part on a rate of growth/reduction for membership in the community) (Ingerman, paragraph [0091]).

Additionally, Examiner respectfully submits that such scenario above is just an example to describe <u>the cut-off radius could be set as the degree of separation</u> which has been changed (i.e., adaptive) based on the rate of growth/reduction for membership in the community (i.e., based on the changing number of first degree contacts).

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25. Applicant's arguments as well as request for reconsideration filed on 06/21/2006

have been fully considered but they are not deemed to be persuasive.

26. THIS ACTION IS MADE FINAL. Applicant is reminded of the extension of time

policy as set forth in 37 CFR 1.136(a).

A shortened statutory period for reply to this final action is set to expire THREE

MONTHS from the mailing date of this action. In the event a first reply is filed within

TWO MONTHS of the mailing date of this final action and the advisory action is not

mailed until after the end of the THREE-MONTH shortened statutory period, then the

shortened statutory period will expire on the date the advisory action is mailed, and any

extension fee pursuant to 37 CFR 1.136(a) will be calculated from the mailing date of

the advisory action. In no event, however, will the statutory period for reply expire later

than SIX MONTHS from the mailing date of this final action.

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27. Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the

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examiner should be directed to Quang N. Nguyen whose telephone number is (571)

272-3886.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's

SPE, Rupal Dharia, can be reached at (571) 272-3880. The fax phone number for the

organization is (571) 273-8300.

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